Psychotropic Medication In Mothers

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Risk-Benefit Analysis

- A crucial foundation for Decision-Making
- Gives patients a comprehensive view of both physical and mental health implications, enabling them to make informed, holistic decisions about their care.

Balancing Health for Mother and Child

 For patients with mood disorders during pregnancy or breastfeeding, we must balance benefits and risks. Potential Benefits of Treatment

- Stable mental health enhances maternal well-being, reduces the risk of relapse, and supports a healthy prenatal environment.
- Managing severe anxiety or depression can improve the patient's ability to engage in selfcare and prenatal visits, which supports overall fetal health.

Potential Risks of Treatment Certain medications may have possible side effects for fetal development or breastfeeding infants, though risks vary significantly by medication. Potential Risks of Non-Treatment Untreated mental health conditions also carry real risks, including increased stress hormones, disrupted sleep, and overall compromised prenatal care, all of which can affect both the mother and the baby. Challenges
Between
Psychiatry and
OB-GYN Care

- Differences in Professional Focus
- **Psychiatric Practitioners**: Prioritize mental health stability, often viewing the consequences of untreated symptoms as potentially more harmful than the medication's risks.
- OB-GYN Practitioners: Focus on avoiding fetal exposure to medication risks during pregnancy, often emphasizing caution with psychotropic medications.

Impact of These Different Priorities

- Conflicting Advice: Patients might receive mixed messages, which can create confusion and distress when deciding on treatment.
- Delayed or Fragmented Care:
 Without clear guidance from both fields, patients may end up delaying treatment, losing out on the benefits of early intervention.
- Lack of Patient Confidence: When patients sense a lack of unity between providers, they may feel that no one has their full picture in mind, leading to doubt and anxiety.

Why Coordination Matters Creating a bridge between psychiatric and OB-GYN practitioners can result in a more cohesive care plan, which helps patients make well-rounded, confident decisions and improves overall patient satisfaction and outcomes. Feelings of Isolation and Uncertainty

- Patients often feel unsupported and alone when they have to choose between conflicting medical recommendations.
- Example: A patient advised to discontinue medication by an OB-GYN but encouraged to continue by a psychiatrist may feel torn, unsure whom to trust.

Importance of Unified Messaging

- When providers align, patients receive clear, consistent information, reducing their mental load and helping them feel safer with whatever choice they make.
- Unified messaging shows the patient that her care team is prioritizing both her mental and physical health, fostering trust in her care.

Informed
DecisionMaking
As a Path to
Empowerment

 Enabling patients to fully understand their options and risks helps them feel more in control of their own health and more willing to engage with their care team.

Encouraging Collaborative Care Models

- Integrating Care Across Disciplines
- Psychiatric and OB-GYN providers should meet regularly to review cases and align on treatment strategies, especially for high-risk patients.

Clear, Open Communication with the Patient

- Educate patients on both perspectives, explaining the potential impact of medications alongside the effects of untreated symptoms.
- Aim to provide realistic guidance on treatment options and discuss how different paths (e.g., specific medications, lifestyle adjustments, monitoring) align with their health priorities.

Providing
Information
for Patient
Empowerment

- Simplified Explanations: Break down the medical jargon. Explain what the untreated symptoms could mean for the mother and baby and how each treatment balances mental and physical health needs.
- Ongoing Support and Reassurance: Emphasize that the patient's care team will continually support her, adjusting care as her pregnancy progresses, rather than leaving her to manage the choices alone.

Building Support Networks

- Involve family or a close friend to help patients process complex information and reinforce their confidence in the decisions they make.
- Emphasize the patient's need for emotional and mental well-being as part of a healthy pregnancy, showing her that mental health care is as essential as physical health care.

